

District National Guardsmen Ready to Mobilize at Once for Border Duty

ORGANIZATIONS OF MILITIA CALLED OUT FOR BORDER DUTY

Names of Various National Guard Units and Their Points of Mobilization.

Organizations of militia and national guard called out by telegrams to the various governors, with places of assembly designated, follow:

ALABAMA—One brigade of three regiments of infantry, two batteries field artillery, one company signal corps, at Montgomery.

ARKANSAS—Two regiments infantry at Fort Logan H. Roots.

CALIFORNIA—One brigade of three regiments of infantry, one squadron of cavalry, one battalion of field artillery, one company of signal corps, one ambulance company, one field hospital, at State camp grounds.

COLORADO—Two battalions of infantry, one squadron of cavalry, two batteries of field artillery, two companies of engineers, one company of signal corps, one field hospital, at rifle range, near Golden.

CONNECTICUT—Two regiments of infantry, two troops of cavalry, one battalion and three batteries of field artillery, one company of signal corps, one ambulance company, one field hospital, at Niantic.

DELAWARE—Two battalions of infantry, at New Castle.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—One regiment of infantry, two batteries field artillery, signal company, auxiliary troops, at Fort Myer.

FLORIDA—One regiment of infantry, at State camp, Duval county.

GEORGIA—One brigade of three regiments of infantry, one squadron and one troop of cavalry, one battalion of field artillery, one field hospital, at Macon.

IDAHO—One regiment of infantry, at Gen. State fair grounds.

ILLINOIS—Two brigades of three regiments each of infantry, one regiment of cavalry, two battalions of field artillery, one company of engineers, one company of signal corps, two field hospitals, at Springfield.

INDIANA—Two regiments and two separate battalions and three separate companies of infantry, one battalion of field artillery, one company signal corps, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at Fort Benjamin Harrison.

IOWA—One brigade of three regiments of infantry, one squadron cavalry, one battalion field artillery, one company engineers, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at Des Moines.

KANSAS—Two regiments of infantry, one battery field artillery, one company signal corps, at Fort Riley.

KENTUCKY—One brigade of three regiments of infantry, one company signal corps, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at Fort Thomas.

LOUISIANA—One regiment infantry, one troop cavalry, one battalion field artillery, at Camp Stafford, Alexandria.

MAINE—One regiment of infantry at Augusta.

MARYLAND—One brigade of three regiments of infantry, one troop cavalry, one battery field artillery, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at Halethorpe.

MASSACHUSETTS—One brigade of three regiments and one separate regiment of infantry, one squadron cavalry, one regiment field artillery, one company signal corps, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at South Framingham.

MICHIGAN—One brigade of three regiments of infantry, two troops of cavalry, two batteries field artillery, one company engineers, one company signal corps, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at Grayling.

MINNESOTA—One brigade of three regiments of infantry, one regiment field artillery, at Fort Snelling.

MISSISSIPPI—Three battalions infantry, at Jackson.

MISSOURI—Two brigades of three regiments and two separate battalions and one separate company of infantry, one troop cavalry, one battalion field artillery, one company signal corps, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at Nevada.

MONTANA—One regiment of infantry, at Fort William H. Harrison.

NEBRASKA—Two regiments infantry, one company signal corps, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at Lincoln.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—One regiment infantry, one troop cavalry, one battery field artillery, one company signal corps, at Concord.

NEW JERSEY—One brigade, three regiments infantry, one squadron cavalry, two batteries field artillery, one company signal corps, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at New Dorp.

NEW YORK—One division, including three brigades of three regiments each of infantry, one regiment, one squadron, one machine gun company, one ambulance company, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at New Dorp.

NORTH CAROLINA—One brigade of three regiments infantry, two troops of cavalry, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at Camp Glenn, Morehead City.

NORTH DAKOTA—One regiment infantry, at Fort Lincoln.

OHIO—Two brigades, three regiments infantry, one squadron cavalry, one battalion field artillery, one battalion engineers, one battalion signal corps, three field hospitals, two ambulance companies, at Columbus.

OKLAHOMA—One regiment infantry, two troops of cavalry, one company engineers, one field hospital, at Chandler.

OREGON—One regiment of infantry, one troop of cavalry, one battery of field artillery at Clackamas.

PENNSYLVANIA—One division including three brigades, three regiments each of infantry, one regiment of field artillery, one regiment of engineers, one battalion signal corps, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at Mount Gretna.

RHODE ISLAND—Three troops of cavalry, one battery of field artillery, one ambulance company, at Quonset Point.

SOUTH CAROLINA—Two regiments of infantry, one troop of cavalry, Lexington county, near Columbia.

SOUTH DAKOTA—One regiment infantry, at Rapid.

TENNESSEE—One regiment and two separate battalions and three separate companies of infantry, one troop of cavalry, one field hospital, one ambulance company, at Nashville.

UTAH—One squadron and two separate troops of cavalry, one battery of field artillery, at Fort Douglas.

VERMONT—One regiment of infantry, one squadron of cavalry, at Colchester.

VIRGINIA—Two regiments of infantry, one battalion and one separate battery of field artillery, one company signal corps, one field hospital at Richmond.

WASHINGTON—One regiment of infantry, one troop of cavalry, one company signal corps, at American Lake.

WEST VIRGINIA—One regiment of infantry, at Terra Alta.

WISCONSIN—One brigade of three regiments of infantry, one troop of cavalry, one battery of field artillery, one field hospital at Camp Douglas.

WYOMING—Two battalions of infantry at Cheyenne.

DISTRICT NATIONAL GUARDSMEN IN ACTION IN THE PAST



Above: Camp Guard Going On Duty. Center: Cavalry In Drill. Below: Line Up For Mess.

RIFLE CLUBS READY FOR CALL TO SERVICE

Members to Spend All Time Possible in Practice at Winthrop Range.

The ordering out of the militia by the President has not only resulted in increased recruiting of the District National Guard but members of the various rifle clubs plan to spend all the time possible this week at the Winthrop range.

The vacation periods of some of the sharpshooters employed in Government departments have been placed ahead in order to give them opportunity to set in all the practice possible in the event of further calls for men to serve on the border.

From many of the rifle clubs a number have already signified their intention to spend the week at the Winthrop range. The vacation periods of some of the sharpshooters employed in Government departments have been placed ahead in order to give them opportunity to set in all the practice possible in the event of further calls for men to serve on the border.

Four teams representing Washington rifle clubs competed in a match at the Winthrop range Saturday with the War Department team making the best showing. The match was shot at 200 yards. The War Department sharpshooters made a score of 84; the Central High School team was second with 81, and the War Department second team took third with 74. A mixed team ranked fourth with 45.

Fifteen men shot the sharpshooter's course, and four qualified as sharpshooters.

The scores of the day follow:

Name and Club	Score	Max. Age
Hill, M. L., Dept. Justice	91	34
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	84	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30

Eighteen men shot the marksmen course, seven qualified as marksmen.

The scores of the day follow:

Name and Club	Score	Max. Age
Cowell, H. C., War Dept.	91	30
Brooks, J. E., War Dept.	83	35
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30
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Rowe, J. E., War Dept.	83	30

Years ago Mrs. Prendergast began her search. There were three pairs of twins in her father's family; her grandmother had twins, and there were several other pairs on other branches of Mrs. Prendergast's family tree.

The plumper youngster has been christened Tom L. Johnson Prendergast and the smaller one Newton D. Baker Prendergast, after Cleveland's most celebrated sons.

Marylanders Ready Says Harrington

Governor Takes Personal Charge of State Mobilization From Annapolis.

CAMBRIDGE, Md., June 19.—Governor Harrington said this morning over the telephone from his home in Cambridge that he had received the official call and would issue immediately the necessary orders to carry it into effect. He added that the Maryland National Guard was ready for any service that might be required of it.

"I have been expecting such a call, and we have made every arrangement for a prompt obedience. The necessary orders have been drawn and will be issued immediately. Our camp has been selected and we are ready for a prompt mobilization."

"So certain have I been that intervention in Mexico would sooner or later become necessary that I wanted the Mexican plank in the Democratic national platform worded a little differently from what it was and urged it in the resolutions committee. As it stands, however, it does not declare against intervention if it should become necessary."

"Our troops are not up to full war strength, but there has been greater interest displayed recently, and I believe that it will not be a difficult matter to recruit the companies to their full strength within a very short time, particularly if there is a good chance of active service."

The governor said he would go to Annapolis this morning and take personal charge of the mobilization plans.

CHRIST CHURCH PICNIC TO BE HELD THURSDAY

Georgetown Children Will Romp At Glen Echo.

The annual picnic of the Sunday school of Christ Church, Georgetown, which was postponed last week because of rain, is to be held Thursday at Glen Echo. It was announced by Supt. N. W. Dorsey at yesterday's service.

More than a hundred children are to participate in the picnic, and the little folk are looking forward to a day of fun at the popular amusement resort. The children are to bring picnic baskets and lunch beneath the shady trees at the park. The Rev. James H. W. Blake, rector of Christ Church, is to participate, and has extended an invitation to the parents and friends of the children to attend.

The children are to meet in the Sunday school room of Christ Church, Thursday morning, where the teachers will take charge of the various classes. They will then march to Glen Echo.

The Sunday school closed for the summer with yesterday's service, the year 1915-16 having been one of the most successful in its history.

DISTRICT SOLDIERS TO HAVE Y.M.C.A. TENT

Secretary Smith, of Army Branch, Ready to Establish Camp When Tents Go Up.

The army branch of the Washington Y. M. C. A., through Army Secretary A. L. Smith, reported itself ready to go into camp with the District National Guard immediately. Secretary Smith awaits instructions from General Harvey as to when the guard will establish its camp at Arlington.

The equipment of the local section of the Y. M. C. A. consists of the usual recreation tent of large proportions where meetings are held and where men are supplied with writing materials, newspapers, magazines, etc., for use when off duty. The object of the Y. M. C. A. is to carry into the field with the men all advantages of the Y. M. C. A. as far as possible.

Soldiers of the national guard are welcome to use the equipment, whether they are members of the Y. M. C. A. or not. Secretary Smith has been engaged in army work of the Y. M. C. A. for a number of years. He is a veteran of the Spanish war, having served with the Fifth United States Artillery. He accompanied the District troops to Texas several years ago and has been in camp with them every summer since then. He also has charge of the Y. M. C. A. work at Tobyanna, Pa., where the army has its field artillery practice.

The Y. M. C. A. tent will be set up as soon as the guardsmen establish their camp at Arlington and will accompany them wherever they go.

New York Senator Officer in Militia

Among the colleagues of Senator James W. Wadsworth is a militia officer.

It is a fact that the Senator has called upon all the militia organizations for service. Senator Wadsworth is Lieutenant of Troop M of the National Guard of the State of New York, and inasmuch as the captain of that organization is absent in England, he is the ranking officer. Whether the Senator will consider his duty in Washington as paramount to his duty as officer of the national guard or take the contrary view cannot be answered at this time.

After attending the Republican convention in Chicago, to which he was a delegate, he went direct to Mr. McLaughlin and has not since returned to Washington. It was reported at his office that he was expected back here today, but the action of the President in summoning the guard to the colors probably changes his plans. So far as is known, Senator Wadsworth is the only member of the upper house of Congress holding a commission in the national guard of the country.

U.S. CLERKS IN D.C. NATIONAL GUARD

Attorney General May Have to Decide Whether 600 Members Shall Go to Front.

Are Government employees to be permitted to go to the front with the District militia?

This is a question which Brig. Gen. William E. Harvey and his officers hope will be worked out today. There are about 600 Government employees in the National Guard of the District. Some of them are employed in the Navy Department and most of them in the other Government departments. They have all signified their desire to go to the front. But there is a question as to whether or not they will be permitted to do so.

The question will be submitted to the judge advocate general of the army, and possibly to the Attorney General of the United States.

Under the new army act which federalizes the national guard, and which becomes effective July 1, employees of the Government are exempt from military service. This was provided for so that the Government departments, and especially the bureau that are concerned with the movement of troops would not be denuded of their employees when the militia was called into active service.

The question is more acute with the militia of the District than with any other organization for the reason that many of the guardsmen are employed in the Government service.

It is believed that in many of the departments no complaint will be raised against Government employees going to the front with the militia.

A number of the best-known officers of the national guard are Government employees. Col. Glendon V. Young, commanding the Third Infantry, an employee of the Pension Office; Major Harry Cope, adjutant general of the national guard, is employed in the Treasury Department.

Senator Clapp Makes Flag Day Address

Senator Clapp of Minnesota delivered the principal address at the flag day exercises of the Woman's Relief Corps of the Department of the Potomac last night in Memorial United Brethren Church, Mrs. Jennie T. Thompson presiding.

The Rev. Charles E. Fultz gave the invocation. "Patriotism" was the subject of an address by Congressman Martin R. Madden of Illinois. Following this Mrs. Isabel Worrell Ball, past national senior vice president of the Woman's Relief Corps, talked on "Patriotic Work."

Miss Margaret Gately, Miss Elsie Dyer, Miss Irene Sheridan Bonta, Miss May Bonta, Miss Ida May Lang, E. Albert Lang, and Phil Addison also took part in the program. In conclusion "America" was sung by the audience.

Pastor Urges Churchmen To Prepare to Aid Nation

At Dumbarton Avenue M. E. Church, Georgetown, last night the Rev. D. H. Martin took as the subject of his sermon, "Awake Protestantism." He made a patriotic plea exhorting the churches to a realization of their duty to their country. The press of the country was praised for its noble work in the line of preparedness.

SPANISH WAR MEN OFFER SERVICES

Three Hundred Veterans Volunteer as Privates to Form an Infantry Battalion.

Three hundred men, veterans of the Spanish war and members of the Spanish War Veterans, have offered their services to Gen. William E. Harvey, commanding the District National Guard as a battalion of infantry.

The offer was made last night by Adj. Gen. Jere Costello, acting for Commander-in-Chief L. C. Dyer, of the Spanish War Veterans.

"We have 300 men ready to go with you if you will say the word," Mr. Costello told General Harvey. "This offer made without any strings to it. We offer our men as enlisted soldiers—not officers. You can put any officers you please over them. They are all veterans, and know how to take care of themselves in the field."

General Harvey expressed his thanks for the offer and informed Mr. Costello that so far he did not know just what the plans of the War Department were regarding the District National Guard. He stated that if more men are needed he will give Spanish war veterans the first choice.

WOMEN MAY TAKE GUARDSMEN'S PLACES

Preside... to Decide if Wives Can Supplant Their Husbands in Office.

Will the United States Government allow women to take the places of their husbands in the Government offices when the husbands are ordered away with the national guard?

This question is to be put up to the President today, and relates especially to men employed in the Government Printing Office.

Inspired by the action taken by the British government in placing women in their husbands' places in the big government offices and in the munitions factories, the women of the District whose husbands are national guardsmen are anxious to do the same thing here.

The question will be raised today with the President in the case of a number of employees of the Government Printing Office who are members of the Third District of Columbia Infantry.

Capt. Dan V. Chisholm, a well-known guardsman, made a canvass of the Government Printing Office soldiers last night as soon as the call for troops became known, and found all of them ready to serve. He also found that the wives of the men wanted to take their places in the office.

There is no precedent for this sort of thing in the United States, so far as can be learned. It is stated, however, that the President has authority to take action.

In many of the Government departments where the husbands are employed as clerks the work can be done by the women. It is understood. An effort will be made today to ascertain exactly how many of these places can be filled by women, and the statement will be forwarded to the White House with the proper request.

Scenes on the Militia Range.

MULE AND MORSE LINGUISTS WANTED

General Harvey Seeking Telegraph Operators and Mule-teers for Border Duty.

Telegraph operators and mule skinner are wanted by the District National Guard.

On the eve of mobilization, Brig. Gen. William E. Harvey has made a bid for men who can speak two languages that are not United States: the Morse code and the persuasive explicated that awaken the potential dynamic forces of the festive army mule.

All persons qualified for those two positions can make General Harvey their friend for life by offering their services.

Special Efforts Made.

Special efforts are being made today by the officers of the Signal Corps and the Quartermaster Corps of the District National Guard to fill up the ranks of the radio and telegraph sections of the signal company and the teamster class in the supply company.

Lieut. Russell M. MacLennan, of the Signal Corps, in charge of the telegraph section of the company, paid a visit this morning to the headquarters of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies to interest the operators in the national guard and in the special service of the Signal Corps.

Telegraph operators are rated as first class privates in the Signal Corps, or better, and usually secure excellent assignments to duty.

The telegraph is playing an increasingly important part in the conduct of war, and the men of the telegraph corps of the signal company of the District national guard are given the best sort of inducements to join the organization.

The enlisted force of the signal company is the best paid part of the army, the base of pay running all the way to six per month, which, with the allowances for clothing, rations, quarters, lights, fuel, and medical attendance brings the pay up to considerably more than men employed in similar work in civilian employments receive.

More Radio Men Wanted.

The radio section of the signal company is also endeavoring to increase its force. The radio section has been supplied with an entire new field equipment of the latest pattern.

There are more than 200 amateur radio operators in Washington who are members of the national organization of wireless telegraph men. They have been offered a number of these men to join the national guard, and several inquiries were made today regarding the chances for radio work. It is understood that wireless equipment is much in use on the Mexican border.

The need of the national guard for mule skinner is one of the acute and immediate needs. The supply companies have been ordered away with the national guard. Special inducements will be offered experienced drivers. They will be called on to handle two, four and six-mule teams.

Officers Are Installed By the Printers' Union

Members of Columbia Typographical Union, No. 31, yesterday installed officers elected by the organization several weeks ago. The membership of the various committees of the union also was announced.

The newly elected officers of the union are Edward W. Morcock, president; Frank D. Seibold, secretary; Jerome V. Johnson, treasurer; William C. Fechtig, sergeant-at-arms; Helen C. Stoops, doorkeeper; Joseph C. Whyte, William H. Cornish, and Harry H. Goodrell, trustees; and Charles W. Randle, Ernest E. Woodward, and Louis L. Vogt, auditors. The delegates to the International Typographical convention are John O. Cole, Frank H. Hambricht, Thomas J. McDonough, and Howard A. Harrison, and alternates, Robert A. Hagg and George H. Wood.

FOR LOSS OF APPETITE

Horsford's Acid Phosphate For diminished vitality or depression. A wholesome tonic; refreshing and invigorating. —Adv.